

Vth

11/3/2021

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Paper Code : BL-501

Roll No.

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B.A.L.L.B.
(V SEMESTER) EXAMINATION
POLITICAL SCIENCE V
INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 60

Note: This paper is divided into three sections A, B and C. Attempt all the sections as per instructions.

SECTION-A

Attempt all the questions.

[1×10=10

- (1) The term of judges of International Court of Justice is
 - (a) Three years
 - (b) Five years
 - (c) Six years
 - (d) None years
- (2) When was the Charter of Human Rights adopted?
 - (a) 1945
 - (b) 1948
 - (c) 1951
 - (d) None of these
- (3) Tobar Doctrine is related to:
 - (a) The recognition is a state
 - (b) The recognition of a government
 - (c) The recognition of insurgents
 - (d) None of these
- (4) A landlocked state is :
 - (a) Surrounded by water from all sides
 - (b) Surrounded by enemy states from all sides
 - (c) Surrounded by land from all sides
 - (d) None of these
- (5) Contiguous Zone is limited to a maximum of
 - (a) 25 miles (24 nautical mile)
 - (b) 50 miles
 - (c) 12 miles
 - (d) None of these

- (6) Non-Permanent members of the Security Council are elected for a period of
- (a) 7 years (b) 3 years
 (c) 2 years (d) None of these
- (7) Headquarters of International Court of Justice is in
- (a) Hague
 (b) Geneva
 (c) New York
 (d) None of these
- (8) Number of Judges of International Court of Justice is
- (a) Nine
 (b) Twelve
 (c) Fifteen
 (d) None of these
- (9) Diplomatic envoys in the receiving state are given immunity from:
- (a) Civil jurisdiction (b) Criminal jurisdiction
 (c) Both criminal and civil (d) None of these jurisdiction
- (10) The group of European countries created to promote peace, security, economic and social unity is called the:
- (a) European market (b) European union
 (c) European coalition (d) None of these

SECTION-B (Short Answer type)

Attempt any two questions of the following.

[10×2=20]

1. Write short notes any two of the following:
- Principles of the United Nations Organization
 - Security Council
 - Global Terrorism

SECTION-C (Long Answer type)

Attempt any two questions of the following.

[15×2=30]

- Critically examine the functions the international court of justice.
- Discuss the composition and functions of SAARC.
- Discuss the objective, composition, functions and power World Health Organization.

13/3/2024

Paper Code : BL-502 B (SVSU:2019-20/R)

Enrollment No.

B.A.L.L.B.- (B.A.L.L.B.)
(3rd YEAR , Vth SEM.) EXAMINATION
LOGIC AND REASONING

[Max. Marks : 60]

[Time: 3 Hours]

Section-A

Q.1. Choose the correct option.

[10x1=10]

(i) 1,3,3,6,7,9,?,12,21

(a) 10 (b) 11 (c) 12 (d) 13

(ii) Sorrow:Death :: Happiness : ?

(a) Love (b) Dance (c) Cry (d) Birth

(iii) If HEALTH is written as GSKZDG, then NORTH written in that code

(a) OPSUI (b) GSQNM (c) FRPML (d) IUSPO

(iv) Anil Introduces Rohit as the son of the only Brother of this his father's Wife. How is Rohit related to Anil.

(a) Cousin (b) Son (c) Uncle (d) Brother

(v) Kunal walks ten kilometer towards North. From there he walks six kilometer towards South. Then he walks three kilometer towards East. How far and in which direction is he with reference to his starting point.

(a) Five Kilometer West (b) Seven Kilometer West (c) Seven Kilometer East (d) Five Kilometer North East

(vi) Which of the following word will come second in the English Dictionary?

(a) Magical (b) Magnify (c) Maternal (d) Magnetic

(vii) Which of the following word will come forth in the English Dictionary?

(a) False (b) Follow (c) Faithfully (d) Fool

(viii) Chose the word which is least like the other word in the group. Zebra, Lion, Tiger, Horse.

(a) Zebra (b) Lion (c) Tiger (d) Horse

(ix) A man is facing West. He Turn 45° in the clock wise direction and then another 180° in the same direction and then 270° in the anti clock wise direction. Which direction is he facing now?

(a) South (b) North-West (c) West (d) South-West

(x) Physician : Treatment :: Judge : ?

(a) Court (b) Judgement (c) Lawyer (d) Punishment

Section-B (Short Answer type)

Attempt any two of the following:

[10x2=20]

Q.2. Discuss the need of Woman empowerment in our society.

- 3. Discuss the role of Khap Panchayat in Justice system.
- 4. Write down a note on Uniform Civil Code.

Section-C (Long Answer type)

[15x2=30]

Attempt any two of the following:

- Q.5. Write down a detailed note on Law and Morality.
- Q.6. What do you mean by reasoning? Discuss the role of reasoning in Law field.
- Q.7. Discuss in detailed the demerits of dowry system in Indian Society.

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V

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B.A.LL.B.

**V SEMESTER EXAMINATION
COMPANY LAW AND PARTNERSHIP**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 60

Note: this question paper is divided into three sections. Attempt all the questions as per instruction.

SECTION - A

(Very Short Answer)

1. Attempt all the parts of question No.1 choose the correct option. [1×10=10]

(i) The prospectus must be issued to the public within-----day of its date.

- (a) 30 (b) 60
(c) 90 (d) 100

(ii) -----capital means the sun mentioned the capital clause of memorandum of

- (a) Full capital (b) Maximum capital
(c) Share capital (d) Nominal capital

(iii) Par value of shares means the-----value of the shares

- (a) Actual (b) Face
(c) Market (d) Dividend

(iv) Government company means any company in which not less than 51% of the paid-up share capital is held by

- (a) Central government (b) State government
(c) Both a and b (d) None of the above

(v) Section 12 of companies Act,2013 deals with

- (a) Incorporation (b) Share capital
(c) Numbers of directors (d) Share holders

(vi) Registration of a firm is-----

- (a) Compulsory
- (b) Optional
- (c) Occasional
- (d) None of the above

(vii) An unregistered firm cannot claim-----

- (a) Seton
- (b) Setoff
- (c) Set and set off
- (d) None

(viii) Death of partner has the effect of-----

- (a) Dissolution the firm
- (b) Result in continuance of the business of the firm
- (c) Heirs joining the firm
- (d) Computation of profits up to the date of death

(iv) A minor is-

- (a) Member of firm
- (b) Representative of the firm
- (c) Entitled to the benefits of the firm
- (d) None of the firm

(x) The most important element in the partnership is-

- (a) A business
- (b) Sharing, profits
- (c) Agreement
- (d) Business to be carried on by or any of them acting for all

SECTION - B

(SHORT ANSWERS TYPE)

Attempt any two of the following questions. [10×2=20]

2. Define 'Prospectus' and discuss its importance with reference to its contents, discuss golden rule as the framing of prospectus with reference to decided cases?
3. With the help of relevant cases, examine the legal position of Directors.
4. Define the 'mismanagement of company' and critically examine the various administrative and judicial remedies in the case of 'mismanagement of a company'.

SECTION - C
(LONG ANSWERS TYPE)

Attempt any two of the following questions. [15×2=30]

5. The company is at law a different person altogether from subscribers of the memorandum, [Lord Macnaghten]. Comment upon this statement in the light of Salomon and co. 1897A.C.22
6. What is meant by the doctrine of lifting the corporate veil?
7. While referring the statutory provisions and relevant case law, discuss the modes of the dissolution of the firm.?

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BA.LL.B.
(V SEMESTER) EXAMINATION
FAMILY LAW -II

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 60

Note: This paper is divided into three sections A, B and C. Attempt all the sections as per instructions.

SECTION -A

I. Attempt all the questions. [1×10=10

- (1) An adoption made by a Hindu unmarried female is
 - (a) Void
 - (b) Voidable
 - (c) Valid
 - (d) Invalid
- (2) The natural guardian of a minor Hindu boy is
 - (a) Only mother
 - (b) Only father
 - (c) Grand father
 - (d) Father and mother both
- (3) Which of the following statements hold true regarding the Hindu Succession (Amendments) Act, 2005
 - (a) Women can now act as karta of the joint Hindu family
 - (b) Women cannot act as a karta of the joint Hindu family before or after passing of the Hindu Succession (Amendment) Act, 2005
 - (c) Women can now become karta of joint Hindu family
 - (d) None of these
- (4) Law of Pre-emption concerns exclusively with:
 - (a) Muamelat
 - (b) Ibadat
 - (c) Tableegh-e-Rasalat
 - (d) None of these

- (5) Coparcenary of HUF is a
- (a) Small part of HUF (b) Not a small part of HUF
(c) H.U.F. (d) None of these
- (6) Legitimacy when conclusively presumed, it is given under section.
- (a) Section 110 of Indian Evidence Act (b) Section 111 of Indian Evidence Act
(c) Section 112 of Indian Evidence Act (d) Section 113 of Indian Evidence Act
- (7) A gift may be revoked:
- (a) Before delivery of possession (b) By heirs of donor
(c) When the done is dead (d) None of these
- (8) As per section 14 of the Hindu Succession Act, 1956 any property possessed by a female Hindu, whether acquired by her before or after the commencement of this Act, shall be held as
- (a) Half owner (b) Limited owner
(c) Full owner (d) All of the above
- (9) Son in class I of the Schedule of the Hindu Succession Act, 1956 does not include
- (a) Step on (b) Adopted on
(c) Both of the above (d) None of the above
- (10) A Muslim illegitimate child is kept in the custody of
- (a) Mother (b) Paternal Grandmother
(c) Both father and mother (d) Neither father nor mother

SECTION-B (Short Answer type)

Attempt any **two** questions of the following.

[10×2=20]

- What is 'Pre-emption'? How it is acquired and lost?
- Discuss classification of heirs under Sunni Law of Inheritance. Also distinguish between Doctrine of Increase and Doctrine of Return.
- Discuss in detail the changes made in 2005 in the Hindu Succession Act, 1956.

SECTION-C (Long Answer type)

Attempt any **two** questions of the following.

[15×2=30]

- What are the various ways in which a partition of a joint family property may be effected? Can partition be reopened?
- Who can make a will? What are the restrictions laid down by Muslim Law on a person desiring to dispose of his property by will under the Sunni and Shia Law?
- What is the subject-matter of Gift under Mohamedan Law? How a gift in Muslim differs from Hindu Law.

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BA.LL.B.
(V SEMESTER) EXAMINATION
PRINCIPLES OF CRIMINAL LAW AND INDIAN PENAL
CODE

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 60

Note: This paper is divided into three sections A, B and C. Attempt all the sections as per instructions.

SECTION-A

I. Attempt all the questions.

[1×10=10

- (i) Which one of the following is not essential for an offence?
(a) Intention (b) Motive
(c) Prohibited act (d) Punishment for act
- (ii) Nothing is an offence which is done by a child of:
(a) Eight years (b) Ten years
(c) Seven years (d) Twelve years
- (iii) Insanity is
(a) Lack of free will (b) Incapacity produced due to drunkenness
(c) Incapable of knowing (d) Diseased mind nature of act committed
- (iv) A puts his hand in pocket of B for stealing money but pocket was empty. A is guilty of
(a) Theft (b) Not guilty of theft
(c) Guilty of attempt to (d) Not guilty of any offence commit theft
- (v) A commits house trespass by entering Z's house through a window it is:
(a) Mischief (b) House-breaking
(c) Extortion (d) None of the above

- (vi) A does sexual intercourse with a widow below 16 years of age with her consent:
 - (a) A has not committed Rape
 - (b) A has committed Adultery
 - (c) A has committed Rape with B
 - (d) Nothing above is correct
- (vii) There is no offence of adultery if it is committed, with consent of
 - (a) Woman
 - (b) Husband of woman
 - (c) Member of family of woman
 - (d) Wife of adulterer
- (viii) A cheats by pretending to be B, a person who is deceased. A commits:
 - (a) Cheating
 - (b) Cheating by presentation
 - (c) Extortion
 - (d) Dacoity
- (ix) Minimum number of persons required to commit an affray is:
 - (a) Five
 - (b) Two
 - (c) Ten
 - (d) Eleven
- (x) A finds a purse with money not knowing to whom it belongs he afterwards discovers that it belongs to B and appropriates to his own use. A is guilty of:
 - (a) Theft
 - (b) Criminal Misappropriation
 - (c) Criminal Breach of Trust
 - (d) Cheating

SECTION-B (Short Answer type)

Attempt any **two** questions of the following. [10×2=20]

2. Define crime. What are the essential elements of crime?
3. Explain the provisions of theft and extortion when they converted to robbery.
4. Attempt any two of the following:
 - (i) A threw acid on the face of B, a young girl. Under what provision of IPC can A be convicted? Explain.
 - (ii) Define "criminal force" and "assault". What is the difference between the two?
 - (iii) Doctrine of mens rea.

SECTION-C (Long Answer type)

Attempt any **two** questions of the following. [15×2=30]

5. What are the ingredients of an offence against reputation? Can a person defame a dead person or a group of person? Give the exception when a defamatory statement may not amount to defamation?
6. What do you understand by the common intention and common objects? Differentiate between the two with the help of leading case laws.
7. Define Murder. State the circumstances when culpable homicide does not amount to murder with the help of relevant cases.

22/03/2021

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B.A.LL.B.
V SEMESTER EXAMINATION
LABOUR AND INDUSTRIAL LAW I

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 60

Note: this question paper is divided into three sections. Attempt all questions as per instruction.

Section - A

1. Attempt all the parts of question No.1 choose the correct option. [1×10=10]

- (i) The first Factories Act was enacted in-
- (a) 1881 (b) 1895
(c) 1897 (d) 1885
- (ii) The Ambulance is to be provided if engaging employees more than -
- (a) 400 (b) 350
(c) 500 (d) 450
- (iii) Section 2 (K) of the Factories Act 1947 says about-
- (a) Manufacturing Process (b) Factory
(c) Worker (d) None of these
- (iv) Crèche is to be provided if ---- or more lady employees are engaged-
- (a) 25 (b) 32
(c) 30 (d) 40
- (v) Where males are employed, there shall be at least one latrine seat for every---- male worker shall be provided-
- (a) 20 workers (b) 50 workers
(c) 30 workers (d) 100 workers

(vi) Before the industrial disputes act was implemented in the year 1947, which act took care of the industrial disputes?

- (a) Trade Disputes Act, 1929 (b) Royal Commission on Labour, 1934
(c) Labour Management Relations Act, 1947 (d) None of these

(vii) The industrial peace is secured through voluntary and compulsory -----

- (a) Compromise Arbitration and (b) Adjudication and Arbitration
(c) Work Committee and (d) Negotiation and Adjudication Industrial Tribunal

(viii) How many persons shall a national tribunal consist of which is to be appointed by the central government?

- (a) 1 (b) 2
(c) 3 (d) 4

(ix) What is the minimum amount of bonus paid to an employee?

- (a) 8.33% (b) 8.5%
(c) 8% (d) 8.3%

(x) What is the minimum number of Trade union members requires in registering themselves as a union?

- (a) 7 (b) 10
(c) 5 (d) 15

Section - B
(Short Answers Type)

Attempt any two of the following questions. [10×2=20]

2. Explain what a trade union is and how a trade union may gain recognition from an employer?
3. On what grounds an employee will be disqualified from getting bonus under payment of Bonus Act, 1965.
4. What are the general duties of an Occupier under Factories Act, 1948?

SVSU-19S2

[2]

P.T.O.

Section - C
(Long Answers Type)

Attempt any two of the following questions. [15×2=30]

5. The Trade Unions Act, 1926 was enacted with the objective of providing for the registration of trade unions and verification of the membership of trade unions registered so that may acquire a legal and corporate status. Justify.
6. Which provisions regarding health are mentioned in the sections 11 to 20 in factories act?
7. What are the provisions relating to industrial establishments in coal mines mentioned in the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946?

SVSU-19S2

[3]